



REPORT NUMBER: 100458433SAT-001C ORIGINAL ISSUE DATE: August 25, 2011

REVISED DATE: N/A

### **EVALUATION CENTER**

Intertek Testing Services NA Inc. 16015 Shady Falls Rd. Elmendorf, TX 78112

## **RENDERED TO**

International Fireproof Technology Inc. 17528 Von Karman Ave. Irvine, CA 92614

PRODUCT EVALUATED: CertaSpray, open cell 0.5pcf, spray foam coated with DC 315 EVALUATION PROPERTY: Heat Release, Flame Spread

Report of testing CertaSpray, open cell 0.5pcf, spray foam coated with DC 315 for compliance with the applicable requirements of the following criteria: ICC-ES AC377 Appendix X, Approved June, 2011.

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## 2 Introduction

Intertek Testing Services NA (Intertek) has conducted testing for International Fireproof Technology on CertaSpray, open cell 0.5pcf, spray foam coated with DC 315 to evaluate heat release and flame spread properties when subjected to specific ignition conditions. Testing was conducted in accordance with ICC-ES AC377 Appendix X, Approved June, 2011. This evaluation was performed on August 25, 2011.

## 3 Test Samples

### 3.1. SAMPLE SELECTION

Samples were submitted to Intertek directly from the client. Samples were not independently selected for testing. Samples were taken by Intertek representative Michael Shokrian at the time of application.

### 3.2. SAMPLE AND ASSEMBLY DESCRIPTION

The three walls of the test specimen consisted of 2x12 studs, spaced 24" o.c. The ceiling was constructed using 2x12 joists, spaced 24" o.c., running parallel to the side walls. The exterior of the studs and joists were covered with 5/8" thick, Type X, gypsum board. The final interior dimensions were 8 feet high, 8 feet wide and 12 feet deep.

The stud cavities were filled with 11-1/2 inches of CertaSpray, open cell 0.5pcf, spray foam. The joist cavities were filled with 11-1/2 inches of CertaSpray, open cell 0.5pcf, spray foam. The foam on the walls and ceiling were coated with 13.80 pounds/0.32 gallons used per 100 square feet at 4 wet mils, 3 dry mils of DC 315. The foam was not trimmed after application. The back corners of the room are applied so that they meet the criteria per Figure X3 in AC377.

## 4 Testing and Evaluation Methods

This standard describes a method for determining the contribution of spray foamed plastic to room fire growth during specified fire exposure conditions. This method is not intended to evaluate the fire endurance of assemblies, nor is it able to evaluate the effect of fires originating within the wall assembly. The method is not intended for the evaluation of floor finishes.

The test indicates the maximum extent of fire growth in a room, the rate of heat release, and if they occur, the time to flashover and the time to flame extension beyond the doorway following flashover. It does not measure the fire growth in, or the contribution of, the room contents. Time to flashover is further noted by a pair of crumpled single sheets of newspaper placed on the floor 2 feet out from the center of the rear wall and front walls to determine flashover per the



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NFPA 286 method. The spontaneous ignition of this newspaper provides the visual indication of flashover.

The potential for spread of fire to other objects in the room, remote from the ignition source, is evaluated by measurements of:

- 1. The total heat flux incident on the center of the floor.
- 2. A characteristic upper-level gas temperature in the room.
- 3. Instantaneous net peak rate of heat release.
- 4. Projection of flames out the doorway.

The potential for the spread of fire to objects outside the room of origin is evaluated by the measurement of the total heat release of the fire.

#### TEST EQUIPMENT AND INSTRUMENTATION

#### **IGNITION SOURCE**

The ignition source for the test is a gas burner with a nominal 12- by 12-inch porous top surface of a refractory material. The burner used at this laboratory is filled with a minimum 4-inch layer of Ottawa sand.

The top surface of the burner through which the gas is applied is positioned 12 inches above the floor. The burner is placed such that the edge of the diffusion surface is located 1 inch from both walls in the corner of the room opposite from the door.

The gas supply to the burner is C.P. grade propane (99 percent purity). The burner is capable of producing a gross heat output of  $40\pm1$  KW for five minutes followed by a  $160\pm5$  kW for ten minutes. The flow rate is metered throughout the test. The design of the burner controls is such that when one quarter-turn ball valve is opened, the flow of gas to the burner produces 40 kW and when a second quarter-turn valve is opened the combined flow produces 160 kW.

#### COMPARTMENT GEOMETRY AND CONSTRUCTION

The interior dimensions of the floor of the fire room, when the specimens are in place, measures 8 feet, by 12 feet. The finished ceiling is 8 feet  $\pm$  0.5 inches above the floor. The four walls are at right angles defining the compartment. The compartment contains a 30  $\pm$  0.25 by 80  $\pm$  0.25 inch doorway in the center of one of the 8' by 8' walls. No other openings are present to allow ventilation.

#### PROCEDURE

#### SUMMARY OF METHOD

A calibration test is run within 30 days of testing any material as specified in the standard. All instrumentation is zeroed, spanned and calibrated prior to testing. The specimen is installed and the diffusion burner is placed. The collection hood exhaust duct blower is turned on and an initial flow is established. The gas sampling pump is turned on and the flow rate is adjusted. When all instruments are reading steady state conditions, the computer data acquisition system and video equipment is started. Ambient data is taken then the burner is ignited at a fuel flow rate that is known to produce 40 kW of heat output. This level is maintained for five minutes at which time the fuel flow is increased to the 160 kW level for a 10-minute period. During the burner



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period, all temperature, heat release and heat flux data is being recorded every 6 seconds. At the end of the fifteen minute burn period, or failure the burner is shut off and all instrument readings are stopped. Post test observations are made and this concludes the test.

All damage is documented after the test is over, using descriptions, photographs and drawings, as is appropriate.

### 4.1. TEST STANDARD

ICC-ES AC377 Appendix X, Approved June, 2011. acceptance criteria for spray-applied foam plastic insulation.

## **5** Testing and Evaluation Results

#### 5.1. RESULTS AND OBSERVATIONS

#### FIRE TESTS

The test was started at 7:05 a.m. on August 25, 2011. The ambient temperature was 83°F with a relative humidity of 70%. The data acquisition system was started and the burner was ignited. Events during the test are described below:

TIME (min:sec)	OBSERVATION
0:00	Ignition of burner. Heat output set to 40 kW.
0:07	Discoloration of foam – light smoke
0:28	Flame tips to 6ft vertically in corner above burner
0:42	Ignition of foam
0:44	Increase in smoke
2:00	No change
2:38	Flames recede to 5ft
3:26	No change
4:18	Test complete
4:50	Gas off – Test terminated

#### Test Data

Criteria	Time (min:sec)
Heat Release Rate >1000kW	Did not occur
Heat Flux >20KW/m2	Did not occur
Average ceiling temperature > 600°C (1112°F)	Did not occur
Flames out the door	Did not occur
Average of the above	0:00



## 6 Conclusions

ICC-ES AC377 Appendix X pass/fail criteria require the assembly to meet or surpass 4:18 min:sec. This assembly **met** the requirements.

### INTERTEK TESTING SERVICES NA

Reported by:

Troy G. Bronstad Senior Associate Engineer

- Joseph Zatopel

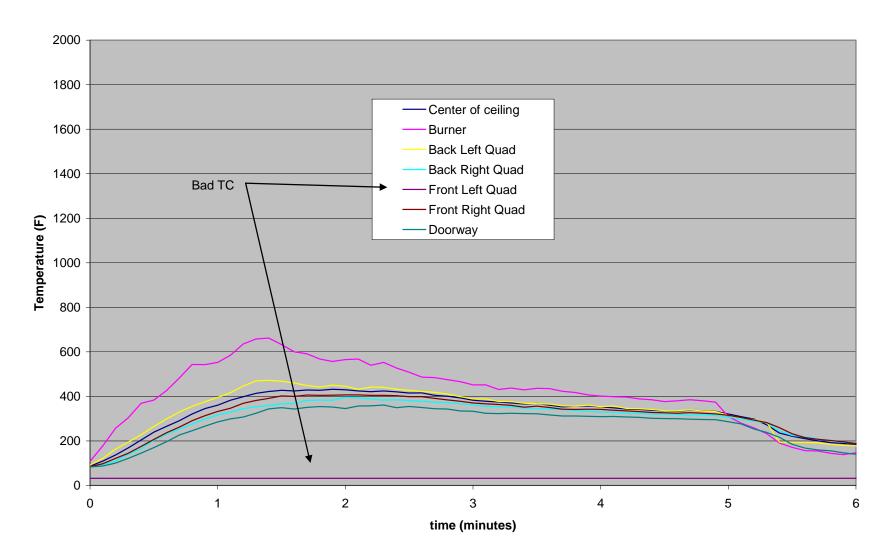
Reviewed by:

Joseph Zatopek Test Engineer



## APPENDIX A Test Data

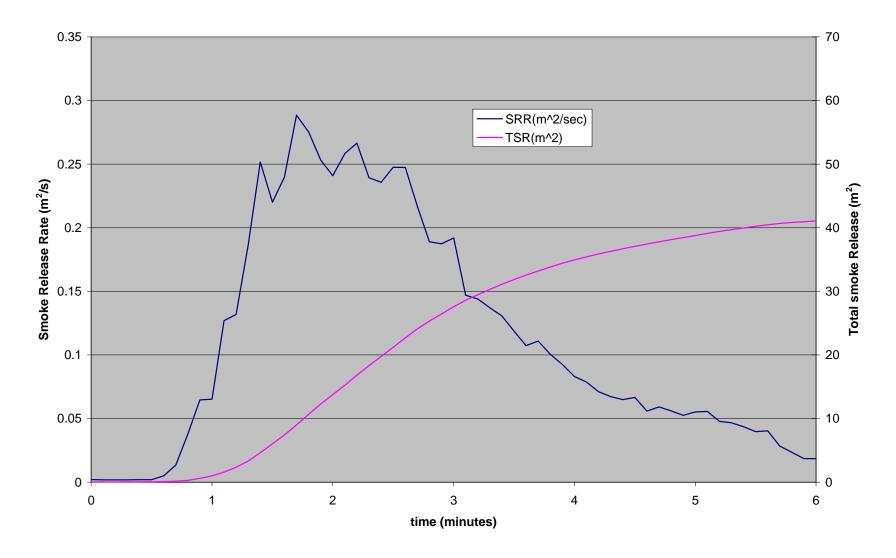




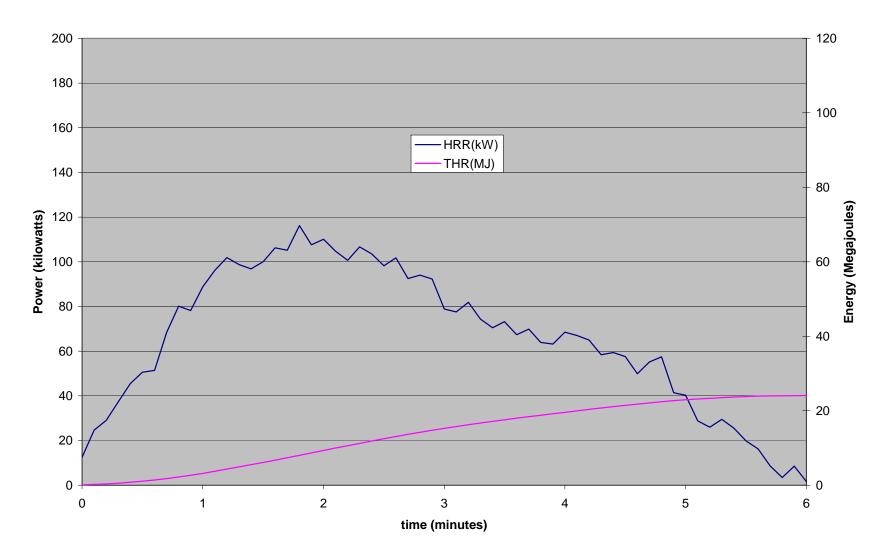
## Thermocouple Data



## Smoke Release



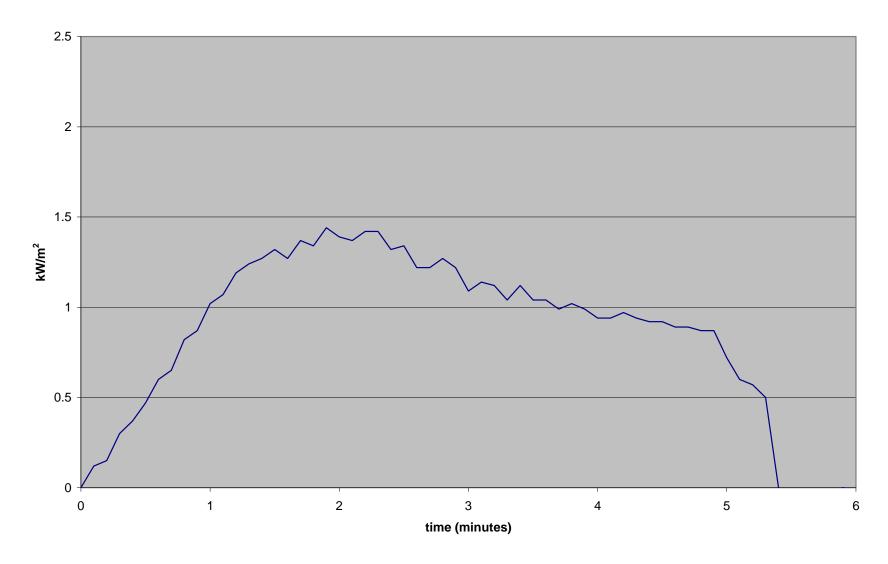




## Heat Release



## **Radiant Heat**





APPENDIX B Photographs







Start of test





Test photo



Test photo





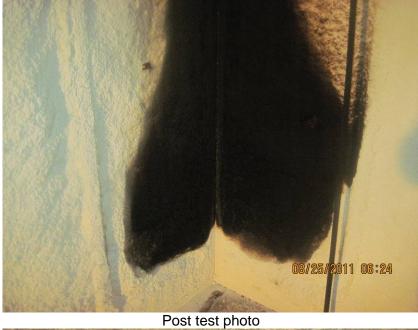
Test photo

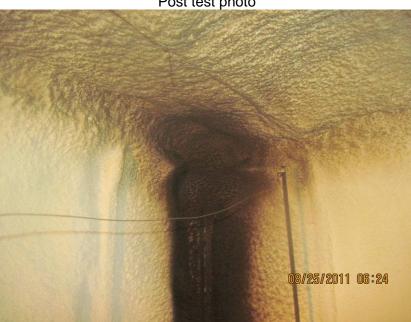


Post test picture



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Post test photo



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# **REVISION SUMMARY**

DATE	SUMMARY
August 25, 2011	First issue. No revisions.

